

THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR WORK REQUIRED TO MEET THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

THE PRIMARY PERMITTEE SHALL ENSURE THAT THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR PROVIDES EACH SUB-CONTRACTOR A COPY OF THE EPCP OR ALL APPLICABLE PORTIONS OF THE EPCP PRIOR TO THE SUB-CONTRACTOR CONDUCTING ANY SUB-CONTRACTOR WORK ON THE PROPERTY. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR WILL ENSURE THAT THE SUB-CONTRACTOR UNDERSTANDS THEIR ROLE IN IMPLEMENTING THE PLAN. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY WORK PERFORMED BY THE SUB-CONTRACTOR. THERE ARE NO SECONDARY OR TERTIARY PERMITTEES FOR THIS PROJECT AS THE PROJECT IS A STANDALONE PROJECT.

PART I. COVERAGE UNDER THIS PERMIT

C. ELIGIBILITY

- 1. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. This permit authorizes, subject to the conditions of this permit: a. All discharges of storm water associated with stand alone construction projects that will result in land disturbance equal to or greater than one (1) acre occurring on or before, and continuing after, the effective date of this permit... b. All discharges of storm water associated with stand alone construction projects that will result in land disturbance equal to or greater than one (1) acre occurring after the effective date of this permit... c. Storm water under this permit is not required for discharges of storm water associated with minor land disturbing activities...

2. MIXED STORM WATER DISCHARGES. This permit only authorizes a storm water discharge from a construction site or construction activities that is mixed with a storm water discharge from an industrial source or activity other than construction where:

- a. The industrial source or activity other than construction is located on the same site as the construction activity and is an integral part of the construction activity.
b. The storm water discharge associated with industrial activity from the areas of the site where construction activities are occurring are in compliance with the terms of this permit...
c. Storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the areas of the site where industrial activity other than construction is occurring are covered by a different NPDES general permit or individual permit authorizing such discharges and the discharges are in compliance with a different NPDES permit.

3. LIMITATIONS ON COVERAGE. The following storm water discharges from construction sites are not authorized by this permit:

- a. Storm water discharges associated with an industrial activity that originates from the site after construction activities have been completed and the site has undergone final stabilization.
b. Discharges that are mixed with sources of non-storm water other than discharges which are identified in Part II.A.2. of this permit and which are in compliance with Part IV.7. (non-storm water discharges) of this permit...
c. Storm water discharges associated with industrial activity that are subject to an existing NPDES individual or general permit. Such discharges may be authorized under this permit after an existing permit expires provided the existing permit did not establish numeric limitations for such discharges...
d. Storm water discharges from construction sites that the Director (EPD) has determined to be or may reasonably be expected to be contributing to a violation of a water quality standard.

4. COMPLIANCE WITH WATER QUALITY STANDARDS. No discharges authorized by this permit will cause violations of Georgia's stream water quality standards as provided by the Rules and Regulations for Water Quality Control. Chapter 391-3-6-.03.

D. AUTHORIZATION

- 1. Any person desiring coverage under this permit must submit a Notice of Intent (NOI) to the EPD and the NOI must be received by the EPD in accordance with the requirements of Part I. Using NOI forms provided by the EPD (on an exact photocopy thereof), in order for storm water discharges from construction sites to be authorized...
2. Unless notified by the Director to the contrary, a permittee who submits an NOI in accordance with the requirements of this permit is authorized to discharge storm water from construction sites under the terms and conditions of this permit fourteen (14) days after the date that the NOI is postmarked...
3. Where a new permittee is to begin work on-site after an NOI for the facility/construction site has been submitted, that new permittee must submit a new NOI in accordance with Part II.

E. CONTINUING OBLIGATIONS OF PERMITTEES

Unless and until obligations for a site covered under this permit is properly terminated according to the terms of the permit, the initial permittee remains responsible for compliance with all applicable terms of the permit and for any violations of said terms.

PART II. NOTICE OF INTENT REQUIREMENTS

A. DEADLINES FOR NOTIFICATION

- 1. Owners or Operators or both who intend to obtain coverage under this general permit for storm water discharges from a construction site (before construction activities begin after issuance of this permit), shall submit a Notice of Intent (NOI) in accordance with the requirements of this part at least fourteen (14) days prior to the commencement of construction activities...
2. For sites where construction activities, subject to this permit, are occurring on the effective date of this permit, the Owner or Operator or both shall submit a re-issuance NOI for an existing construction site in accordance with the requirements of this part no later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of this permit...
3. A discharge is not precluded from submitting an NOI in accordance with the requirements of this part after the dates provided in Parts II.A.1. or II.A.2. of this permit...
4. Where an Owner or Operator or both changes after an NOI has been filed, the subsequent Owner or Operator or both must file a change of information NOI in accordance with this Part II after the occurrence of (a) seven (7) days before beginning work at the facility/construction site or (b) thirty (30) days from acquiring legal title to the facility/construction site...
5. Where an Owner or Operator or both changes after an NOI has been filed, the subsequent Owner or Operator or both must file a change of information NOI in accordance with this Part II after the occurrence of (a) seven (7) days before beginning work at the facility/construction site or (b) thirty (30) days from acquiring legal title to the facility/construction site...
6. Where an Owner or Operator or both changes after an NOI has been filed, the subsequent Owner or Operator or both must file a change of information NOI in accordance with this Part II after the occurrence of (a) seven (7) days before beginning work at the facility/construction site or (b) thirty (30) days from acquiring legal title to the facility/construction site...

PART III. SPECIAL CONDITIONS, MANAGEMENT PRACTICES, PERMIT VIOLATIONS AND OTHER LIMITATIONS

A. PROHIBITION ON NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES

- 1. Except as provided in Part I.C.2. and III.A.2., all discharges covered by this permit shall be composed entirely of storm water...
2. The following non-storm water discharges may be authorized by this permit provided the non-storm water component of the discharge is explicitly listed in the Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan and is in compliance with Part IV.D.7. discharges from fire fighting activities, fire hydrant flushing, potable water sources including water flushing, irrigation drainage, air conditioning condensate, springs, uncontaminated ground water, and foundation or footing drains where flows are not contaminated with process materials or pollutants...
3. This permit does not authorize the discharge of wastewater or solvents used in vehicle and equipment washing...
4. This permit does not authorize the discharge of wastewater from washout and cleanup of stucco, paint, form release oil, curing compounds and other construction materials.

B. RELEASES IN EXCESS OF REPORTABLE QUANTITIES

- 1. The discharge of hazardous substances or oil in the storm water discharge(s) from a site shall be prevented. This permit does not relieve the permittee of the reporting requirements of Georgia's Oil or Hazardous Material Spills or Releases Act (O.C.G.A. §12-14-2, et seq.), 40 CFR part 117 and 40 CFR part 302. Where a release containing a hazardous substance in an amount equal to or in excess of a reporting quantity established under other Georgia's Oil or Hazardous Material Spills or Releases Act (O.C.G.A. §12-14-2, et seq.), 40 CFR part 117 and 40 CFR part 302 occurs during a permit period, the permittee is required to notify the EPD at (404) 656-4823 or (800) 241-4113 and the National Response Center (NRC) at (800) 424-8802 in accordance with the requirements of Georgia's Oil or Hazardous Material Spills or Releases Act (O.C.G.A. §12-14-2, et seq.), 40 CFR part 117 and 40 CFR part 302 as soon as he/she has knowledge of the discharge...
2. This permit does not authorize the discharge of any hazardous substances or oil resulting from an on-site spill, except as provided in Part III.B.1. of this permit...
3. All hazardous waste material will be disposed of in the manner specified by local and federal regulations...
4. The Contractor will implement the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan found within this EPCP and will train all personnel in the proper cleanup and handling of spilled materials...
5. The Contractor will ensure that the stormwater discharge will be contained on site until appropriate measures in compliance with state and federal regulations are taken to dispose of such contaminated stormwater. It shall be the responsibility of the job site superintendent to properly train all personnel in the use of the SPCC plan.

INVENTORY FOR POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

The following materials are expected onsite during construction: Concrete products, asphalt, petroleum based fuels and lubricants, paint, metal building materials, units from roof covering, electrical wire and fuses, paints/primers/flooring treatments, paints, paint solvents, adhesives for soil stabilization, cleaning solvents, pesticides, fertilizers, herbicides, crushed stone, plastic, roofing shingles, masonry block and metal pipes.

SPILL PREVENTION

Practices such as good housekeeping, proper handling of hazardous products and proper spill control practices will be followed to avoid the risk of spills and spills from discharging into storm water runoff.

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

- 1. Quantities of products stored onsite will be limited to the amount needed for the job.
2. Products and materials will be stored in a neat, orderly manner in appropriate containers protected from rainfall, where possible.
3. Products will be kept in their original containers with manufacturer labels legible and visible.
4. Product mixing, dilution and disposal of product containers will be according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
5. The Contractor will ensure proper use, storage, and disposal.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES

- 26. Petroleum Based Products - Containers for products such as fuels lubricants and tar will be inspected daily for leaks and spills. This includes on-site vehicle and machinery daily inspections and regular preventative maintenance of such equipment. Equipment maintenance areas will be located away from state water discharge drains and storm water drainage lines...
27. Paint/Fisheries/Chemicals - All products will be stored in tightly sealed original containers when not in use...
28. Concrete Truck Washing - NO concrete trucks will be allowed to wash out or discharge surplus concrete or drum wash water onsite...
29. Fertilizer/Herbicides - These products will be applied at rates that do not exceed the manufacturer's specifications or other guidelines not in the crop establishment or in the GSNWC Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia...

30. SPILL CONTROL PRACTICES

In addition to good housekeeping and material management practices discussed in the previous sections of this plan, the following practices will be followed for spill prevention and cleanup.

- Local, State, Federal and manufacturer's recommended methods for spill cleanup will be clearly posted and procedures will be made available to all site personnel. Site personnel will be made aware of the procedures and the location of the information and storage supplies...
All spills will be cleaned up immediately upon discovery. All spills will be reported as required by local, State and Federal regulations...
FOR SPILLS THAT IMPACT SURFACE WATER (LEAVE A SHEEN ON APPROPRIATE WATER), THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (NRC) WILL BE CONTACTED WITHIN 24 HOURS AT 1-800-428-2675...
FOR SPILLS OF AN UNKNOWN AMOUNT, THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (NRC) WILL BE CONTACTED WITHIN 24 HOURS AT 1-800-428-2675...
FOR SPILLS GREATER THAN 25 GALLONS AND NO SURFACE WATER IMPACTS, THE GEORGIA EPD WILL BE CONTACTED WITHIN 24 HOURS...
FOR SPILLS LESS THAN 25 GALLONS AND NO SURFACE WATER IMPACTS, THE SPILL WILL BE CLEANED UP AND LOCAL AGENCIES WILL BE CONTACTED AS REQUIRED.

DISCHARGES INTO, OR WITHIN ONE MILE UPSTREAM OF AND WITHIN THE SAME WATERSHED AS, ANY PORTION OF A BIOTA IMPAIRED STREAM SEGMENT

Any Permittee who intends to obtain coverage under this permit for storm water discharges associated with construction activities on an Impaired Stream Segment, or within one (1) linear mile upstream of and within the same watershed as any portion of an Impaired Stream Segment, shall submit a "Notice of Intent" to the Georgia Department of Transportation (DOT) and the Georgia Department of Natural Resources (DNR) at the time of NOI submittal...
If a permittee is not a secondary permittee for a project located within a common development or sale under this permit, and (c) the area of buffer vegetation to be removed does not exceed 1,000 square feet per structure...
(7) Right-of-way posts, guy-wires, anchors, survey markers and the replacement or maintenance of existing utility structures within the current right-of-way undertaken by any electric membership corporation or municipal electrical system or any public utility under the regulatory jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission...

MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND PERMIT VIOLATIONS

- 1. Best management practices, as set forth in this permit, are required for all construction activities, and must be implemented in accordance with the design specifications contained in the "Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia" (manual) published by the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission as of January 1 of the year in which the land-disturbing activity was permitted...
2. Except as required to install the initial sediment storage requirements and perimeter control BMPs as described in Part IV.D.3., the initial sediment storage requirements and perimeter control BMPs must be installed and implemented before the initial sediment storage requirements and perimeter control BMPs in accordance with Part IV.A.5., within seven (7) days after installation...
4. A discharge of storm water runoff from disturbed areas where best management practices have not been properly designed, installed, and maintained shall constitute a separate violation for each day on which such discharge results in the turbidity of receiving waters being increased by more than ten (10) nephelometric turbidity units for waters classified as trout streams or more than twenty-five (25) nephelometric turbidity units for waters supporting warm water fisheries, regardless of the permit's certification under Part II.B.1.1. This paragraph shall not apply to any land disturbance associated with the construction of single-family homes that are not part of a subdivision or planned common development unless the (a) acres or more will be disturbed...
5. When the permittee has elected to install (or outsource), the discharge of storm water from disturbed areas where erosion control practices have not been properly designed, installed, and maintained shall constitute a separate violation for each day on which such condition results in the turbidity of the discharge exceeding the value selected from Appendix A applicable to the construction site...

PART IV. EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN

A site specific Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan (Plan) shall be designed, installed and maintained for the entire construction activity covered by this permit. The Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan must be prepared by a design professional as defined by this permit. All persons involved in plan preparation shall have completed the appropriate education course, pursuant to O.C.G.A. 12-7-5, (b), approved by the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission.

The plan shall include, as a minimum, best management practices, including sound conservation and engineering practices to prevent and minimize erosion and resultant sedimentation, which are consistent with, and no less stringent than, the practices contained in the "Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia" (Manual) published by the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission as of January 1 of the year in which the land disturbing activity was permitted and O.C.G.A. 12-7-5, as well as the following:

- (1). Public drinking water system reservoirs.
(2). Stream crossings for water lines and sewer lines, provided that the stream crossings occur at an angle, as measured from the point of crossing, within 25 degrees of perpendicular to the stream and cause a width of disturbance of not more than 50 feet within the buffer, and native riparian vegetation is re-established in any bare or disturbed areas within the buffer...
(3). Stream crossings for any utility lines of any electric membership corporation or municipal electrical system or any public utility under the regulatory jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission...
(4). Buffer crossings for fences, provided that the crossings occur at an angle, as measured from the point of crossing, within 25 degrees of perpendicular to the stream and cause a width of disturbance of not more than 50 feet within the buffer, and native riparian vegetation is re-established in any bare or disturbed areas within the buffer...
(5). Stream crossings for aerial utility lines, provided that: (a) the new utility line right-of-way width does not exceed 100 linear feet...
(6). Right-of-way posts, guy-wires, anchors, survey markers and the replacement or maintenance of existing utility structures within the current right-of-way undertaken by any electric membership corporation or municipal electrical system or any public utility under the regulatory jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission...
(7). Right-of-way posts, guy-wires, anchors, survey markers and the replacement or maintenance of existing utility structures within the current right-of-way undertaken by any electric membership corporation or municipal electrical system or any public utility under the regulatory jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission...
(8). Maintenance (excluding dredging), repair and/or upgrade of Soil and Water Conservation District watershed dams when under the technical supervision of the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service...
(9). Construction activities shall be conducted within a 50 foot buffer, as measured horizontally from the point where the discharge of storm water runoff from disturbed areas occurs...
(10). Buffer crossings for water lines and sewer lines, provided that the stream crossings occur at an angle, as measured from the point of crossing, within 25 degrees of perpendicular to the stream and cause a width of disturbance of not more than 50 feet within the buffer...
(11). Stream crossings for any utility lines of any electric membership corporation or municipal electrical system or any public utility under the regulatory jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission...
(12). Buffer crossings for fences, provided that the crossings occur at an angle, as measured from the point of crossing, within 25 degrees of perpendicular to the stream and cause a width of disturbance of not more than 50 feet within the buffer...
(13). Stream crossings for aerial utility lines, provided that: (a) the new utility line right-of-way width does not exceed 100 linear feet...
(14). Right-of-way posts, guy-wires, anchors, survey markers and the replacement or maintenance of existing utility structures within the current right-of-way undertaken by any electric membership corporation or municipal electrical system or any public utility under the regulatory jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission...
(15). Maintenance (excluding dredging), repair and/or upgrade of Soil and Water Conservation District watershed dams when under the technical supervision of the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service...
(16). Except as provided above, for buffers required pursuant to Part IV.(d), and (i), no construction activities shall be conducted within a buffer and a buffer shall remain in its natural, undisturbed, state of vegetation until all land disturbing activities on the construction site are completed...
(17). Stream crossings for water lines and sewer lines, provided that the stream crossings occur at an angle, as measured from the point of crossing, within 25 degrees of perpendicular to the stream and cause a width of disturbance of not more than 50 feet within the buffer...
(18). Stream crossings for any utility lines of any electric membership corporation or municipal electrical system or any public utility under the regulatory jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission...
(19). Buffer crossings for fences, provided that the crossings occur at an angle, as measured from the point of crossing, within 25 degrees of perpendicular to the stream and cause a width of disturbance of not more than 50 feet within the buffer...
(20). Stream crossings for aerial utility lines, provided that: (a) the new utility line right-of-way width does not exceed 100 linear feet...
(21). Right-of-way posts, guy-wires, anchors, survey markers and the replacement or maintenance of existing utility structures within the current right-of-way undertaken by any electric membership corporation or municipal electrical system or any public utility under the regulatory jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission...
(22). Maintenance (excluding dredging), repair and/or upgrade of Soil and Water Conservation District watershed dams when under the technical supervision of the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service...
(23). Except as provided above, for buffers required pursuant to Part IV.(d), and (i), no construction activities shall be conducted within a buffer and a buffer shall remain in its natural, undisturbed, state of vegetation until all land disturbing activities on the construction site are completed...

POTENTIAL SOURCES OF POLLUTION

Sediment from clearing and grubbing operations, sediment from grading and site excavation operations, sediment from vehicle tracking, sediment from topsoil stripping and stockpiling, sediment from land excavation operations, spills from equipment maintenance, spills from above ground fuel storage, filling, and transport, petroleum leaks from heavy equipment, industrial chemicals from the materials storage area due to improper handling and spills of improper handling and spills of pesticides and fertilizers, sanitary waste, leachate from impervious surfaces, hydrocarbons, oil, paint, solvents, adhesives, shipping/packing materials, litter from food and drink containers, general building materials, solvents, adhesives, paving materials, paints, aggregates, paving, curb and gutter installation, concrete pouring/mortared, building construction, concrete washout area and filter from illegal dumping.

A. DEADLINES FOR PLAN PREPARATION AND COMPLIANCE

- 1. Except as provided in Part IV.A.2. and Part IV.A.8., the Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan shall be completed prior to submitting the NOI and prior to conducting any construction activity by any permittee...
2. For construction activities that begin on or before the effective date of this permit and are subject to the regulations under the previous permit, the permittee(s) shall continue to operate under the existing plan...
3. For construction activities that begin after the effective date of this permit, the primary permittee shall be required to prepare the plan for that phase of the stand alone development that corresponds with the NOI being submitted and the primary permittee(s) shall implement the plan on or before the day construction activities begin...
4. Additional plan submittals.

- a. For all projects identified under Part I.C.1.b., which begin after the effective date of this permit, in a jurisdiction where there is no certified Local Issuance Authority regulating that project, a single copy of the Plan must be submitted to the EPD Watershed Protection Branch and a second copy of the Plan must be submitted to the appropriate EPD District Office prior to or concurrent with the NOI submittal...
b. For sites that are equal to or greater than five (5) acres of disturbed area, regardless of the existence of a certified local issuing authority in the jurisdiction, one of the following submittals is also required:
(1). For all projects which begin after the effective date of this permit a single copy of the NOI and a single copy of the Plan shall be submitted to the appropriate EPD District Office. This copy of the Plan must be submitted to the appropriate EPD District Office as a Portable Document Format (PDF) file on CD-ROM or other storage device...
(2). For all projects which began on or before the effective date of this permit a single copy of the NOI and a single copy of the Plan, if amended, shall be submitted to the appropriate EPD District Office. This copy of the Plan must be submitted to the appropriate EPD District Office as a Portable Document Format (PDF) file on CD-ROM or other storage device...

- c. For all projects where the construction activity as indicated on the existing NOI has changed, the amended plan must be submitted in accordance with Part IV.A.4.4. In addition, the permittee must file a change of information NOI in accordance with Part II.
For stand alone projects that begin construction activity after the effective date of this permit, the primary permittee must retain the design professional who prepared the Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan, or an alternate design professional approved by EPD in writing, to inspect the plan at the time of the initial sediment storage requirements and perimeter control BMPs which the design professional prepared within seven (7) days after the date the design professional shall determine if these BMPs have been properly installed and being maintained as designed...
For storm- or emergency-related repairs, the permittee shall implement appropriate BMPs and certified personnel (provided by the permittee) shall inspect the site within seven (7) days after the storm or emergency repair work will not be completed within sixty (60) days of commencement of construction activity. A single copy of the plan shall be submitted to EPD and the permittee shall certify the effectiveness of all requirements.

B. SIGNATURE AND PLAN RECORDS

- 1. The Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan shall be signed in accordance with Part V.G., and be retained on the job site (or, if not possible, at a readily accessible location) which generates the storm water discharge in accordance with Part I.C. of this permit...
2. The permittee shall make plans available upon request to the EPD; to designated officials of the local government reviewing soil erosion management control plans, grading plans, or storm water management plans; or to the local government reviewing soil erosion management control plans, grading plans, or storm water management plans...
3. EPD may require a permittee at any time that the plan does not meet one or more of the minimum requirements of this part, within seven (7) days of such notification (or as otherwise provided by EPD), the permittee shall make the required changes to the plan and shall submit to EPD either the amended plan or a written certification that the required changes have been made...
4. The permittee shall amend their plan whenever there is a change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance, which has a significant effect on BMPs with a hydraulic component (i.e., those BMPs where the design is based upon rainfall intensity, duration and return frequency of storms) or the plan proves to be ineffective or significantly minimizing pollutants from sources identified under Part IV.D.3. amendments to the plan must be certified by a design professional as provided in this Permit.

C. KEEPING PLANS CURRENT

The primary Permittee(s) shall amend their plan whenever there is a change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance, which has a significant effect on BMPs with a hydraulic component (i.e., those BMPs where the design is based upon rainfall intensity, duration and return frequency of storms) or the plan proves to be ineffective or significantly minimizing pollutants from sources identified under Part IV.D.3. amendments to the plan must be certified by a design professional as provided in this Permit.

D. CONTENTS OF PLAN

The Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan shall include, as a minimum, best management practices, including sound conservation and engineering practices to prevent and minimize erosion and resultant sedimentation, which are consistent with, and no less stringent than, those practices contained in the "Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia" (Manual) published by the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission as of January 1 of the year in which the land-disturbing activity was permitted, as well as the following: See below.

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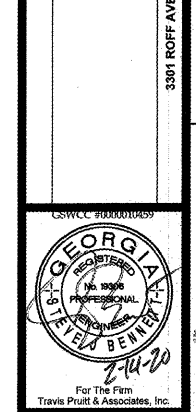
Table with columns for NO. and DATE, showing revision history.

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3307 ROYCE AVENUE, MACON, GA 31204 - LAND LOTS 2 AND 3 - 11TH DISTRICT - CITY OF MACON - BIBB COUNTY GEORGIA

ESPC NOTES  
FREEDOM PARK PHASE 3



DATE: 02/14/2020  
SCALE: N/A  
JN: 190452P  
CN: 190452  
FN: 166-D-038  
SHEET NO.: C4.3