

GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING PRACTICES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE NCG01 CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT

SECTION E: GROUND STABILIZATION

Site Area Description	Required Ground Stabilization Timeframes	Timeframe variations
(a) Perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, and perimeter slopes	7	None
(b) High Quality Water (HQW) Zones	7	None
(c) Slopes steeper than 3:1	7	If slope is 10° or less in length and are not steeper than 2:1, 14 days are allowed.
(d) Slopes 3:1 to 4:1	14	- 7 days for slopes greater than 5° in length and with slopes steeper than 4:1 - 7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones - 10 days for Falls Lake Watershed
(e) Areas with slopes flatter than 4:1	14	- 7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones - 10 days for Falls Lake Watershed unless there is zero slope

Note: After the permanent cessation of construction activities, any areas with temporary ground stabilization shall be converted to permanent ground stabilization as soon as practicable but in no case longer than 90 calendar days after the last land disturbing activity. Temporary ground stabilization shall be maintained in a manner to render the surface stable against accelerated erosion until permanent ground stabilization is achieved.

GROUND STABILIZATION SPECIFICATION

Stabilize the ground sufficiently so that rain will not dislodge the soil. Use one of the techniques in the table below:

Temporary Stabilization	Permanent Stabilization
• Temporary grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers	• Permanent grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers
• Hydroseeding	• Geotextile fabrics such as permanent soil reinforcement blankets
• Rolled erosion control products with or without temporary grass seed	• Reinforcement techniques such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shotcrete • Shotcrete with geogrid reinforcement • Shotcrete with steel reinforcement mesh • Shotcrete with geogrid and steel reinforcement mesh • Shotcrete with geogrid and steel reinforcement mesh and shotcrete
• Appropriately applied straw or other mulch	• Shotcrete with geogrid and steel reinforcement mesh
• Plastic sheeting	• Shotcrete with geogrid and steel reinforcement mesh

- POLYACRYLAMIDES (PAMS) AND FLOCCULANTS**
- Select flocculants that are appropriate for the soils being exposed during construction, selecting from the NC DWQ List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants.
 - Apply flocculants at or before the inlets to Erosion and Sediment Control Measures.
 - Apply flocculants at the concentrations specified in the NC DWQ List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
 - Provide ponding area for containment of treated stormwater before discharging effluent.
 - Store flocculants in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by secondary containment structures.

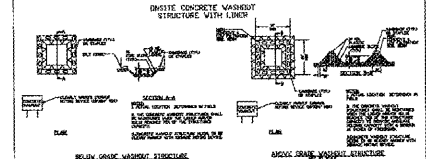
- EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE**
- Maintain vehicles and equipment to prevent discharge of fluids.
 - Provide drip pans under any stored equipment.
 - Identify leaks and repair as soon as feasible, or remove leaking equipment from the project.
 - Collect all spent fluids, store in separate containers and properly dispose as hazardous waste (recycle when possible).
 - Remove leaking vehicles and construction equipment from service until the problem has been corrected.
 - Bring used fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids and other petroleum products to a recycling or disposal center that handles these materials.

- LITTER, BUILDING MATERIAL AND LAND CLEARING WASTE**
- Never bury or burn waste. Place litter and debris in approved waste containers.
 - Provide a sufficient number and size of waste containers (e.g. dumpster, trash receptacle) on site to contain construction and domestic wastes.
 - Locate waste containers at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless other alternatives are reasonably available.
 - Locate waste containers on areas that do not receive substantial amounts of runoff from upland areas and does not drain directly to a storm drain, stream or wetland.
 - Locate waste containers on areas that do not receive substantial amounts of runoff from upland areas and does not drain directly to a storm drain, stream or wetland.
 - Cover waste containers at the end of each workday and before storm events or provide secondary containment. Repair or replace damaged waste containers.
 - Anchor all lightweight items in waste containers during times of high winds.
 - Empty waste containers as needed to prevent overflow. Clean up immediately if containers overflow.
 - Dispose waste off-site in an approved disposal facility.
 - On business days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers.

- PAINT AND OTHER LIQUID WASTE**
- Do not dump paint and other liquid waste into storm drains, streams or wetlands.
 - Locate paint washout at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless other alternatives are reasonably available.
 - Contain liquid wastes in a controlled area.
 - Containment must be labeled, sized and placed appropriately for the needs of site.
 - Prevent the discharge of soaps, solvents, detergents and other liquid wastes from construction sites.

- PORTABLE TOILETS**
- Install portable toilets on level ground, at least 50 feet away from storm drains, streams or wetlands unless there is no alternative reasonably available. If 50 foot offset is not attainable, provide relocation of portable toilet behind silt fence or place on a gravel pad and surround with sand bags.
 - Provide staking or anchoring of portable toilets during periods of high winds or in high foot traffic areas.
 - In prior portable toilets for leaking and properly dispose of any leaked material. Utilize a licensed sanitary waste hauler to remove leaking portable toilets and replace with properly operating unit.

- EARTHEN STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT**
- Show stockpile locations on plans. Locate earthen-material stockpile areas at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets, sediment basins, perimeter sediment controls and surface waters unless it can be shown no other alternatives are reasonably available.
 - Protect stockpile with silt fence installed along toe of slope with a minimum offset of five feet from the toe of stockpile.
 - Provide stable stone access point when feasible.
 - Stabilize stockpile within the timeframes provided on this sheet and in accordance with the approved plan and any additional requirements. Soil stabilization is defined as vegetative, physical or chemical coverage techniques that will restrain accelerated erosion on disturbed soils for temporary or permanent control needs.



- HERBICIDES, PESTICIDES AND RODENTICIDES**
- Store and apply herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in accordance with label restrictions.
 - Store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in their original containers with the label, which lists directions for use, ingredients and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning.
 - Do not store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in areas where flooding is possible or where they may spill or leak into wells, stormwater drains, ground water or surface water. If a spill occurs, clean area immediately.
 - Do not stockpile these materials onsite.

- HAZARDOUS AND TOXIC WASTE**
- Create designated hazardous waste collection areas onsite.
 - Place hazardous waste containers under cover or in secondary containment.
 - Do not store hazardous chemicals, drums or bagged materials directly on the ground.

PART III SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

SECTION A: SELF-INSPECTION

Self-inspections are required during normal business hours in accordance with the table below. When adverse weather or site conditions would cause the safety of the inspection personnel to be in jeopardy, the inspection may be delayed until the next business day on which it is safe to perform the inspection. In addition, when a storm event of equal to or greater than 1.0 inch occurs outside of normal business hours, the self-inspection shall be performed upon the commencement of the next business day. Any time when inspections were delayed shall be noted in the Inspection Record.

Inspection Item	Frequency	Inspection Details
(1) All required erosion and sediment control measures	Daily	Verify that all required erosion and sediment control measures are in place and functioning properly. If no daily rain gauge observations are made during workday or holiday periods, and no individual day rainfall information is available, record the cumulative site measurement for those measurement days (see this table definition if a site inspection is needed). Days on which no rainfall occurred shall be recorded as "zero." The permittee may use another rain measurement device approved by the Division.
(2) EASC measures	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event, a 1/8 inch or 24 hours	1. Identification of the EASC measures. 2. Date and time of the inspection. 3. Name of the person performing the inspection. 4. Indication of whether the measures were operating correctly. 5. Description of maintenance needs for the measures. 6. Identification, existence, and date of corrective actions taken.
(3) Temporary concrete washouts (TCW)	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event, a 1/8 inch or 24 hours	1. Identification of the TCW. 2. Date and time of the inspection. 3. Name of the person performing the inspection. 4. Indication of whether the TCW was operating correctly. 5. Description of maintenance needs for the TCW. 6. Identification, existence, and date of corrective actions taken.
(4) Perimeter silt fence	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event, a 1/8 inch or 24 hours	1. Identification of the silt fence. 2. Date and time of the inspection. 3. Name of the person performing the inspection. 4. Indication of whether the silt fence was operating correctly. 5. Description of maintenance needs for the silt fence. 6. Identification, existence, and date of corrective actions taken.
(5) Stream or wetland erosion control measures	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event, a 1/8 inch or 24 hours	1. Identification of the erosion control measures. 2. Date and time of the inspection. 3. Name of the person performing the inspection. 4. Indication of whether the measures were operating correctly. 5. Description of maintenance needs for the measures. 6. Identification, existence, and date of corrective actions taken.
(6) Ground stabilization measures	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event, a 1/8 inch or 24 hours	1. Identification of the ground stabilization measures. 2. Date and time of the inspection. 3. Name of the person performing the inspection. 4. Indication of whether the measures were operating correctly. 5. Description of maintenance needs for the measures. 6. Identification, existence, and date of corrective actions taken.

SECTION B: RECORDKEEPING

The approved EASC plan as well as any approved deviation shall be kept on the site. The approved EASC plan must be kept up-to-date throughout the coverage under this permit. The following items pertaining to the EASC plan shall be kept on site and available for inspection at all times during normal business hours:

- Documentation Requirements
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- Documentation Requirements

PART III SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

SECTION C: REPORTING

Occurrences that Must be Reported

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SECTION D: REPORTING

Occurrences that Must be Reported

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PART III SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

SECTION E: REPORTING

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SECTION F: REPORTING

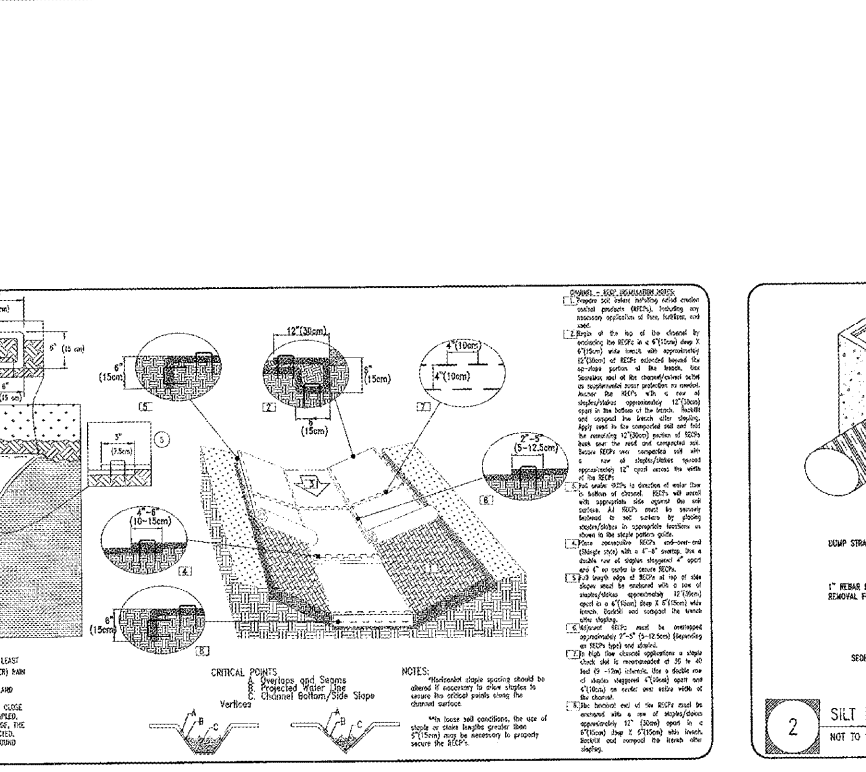
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NCG01 GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING EFFECTIVE 04/01/19



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OWNER/DEVELOPER:
Starbucks
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Fayetteville, NC
Cumberland County



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